1.3.1. Identification and Recognition

There is an identification of stakeholders in the area which should have a role in the potential conflict (particular in forest areas) and the potential impact. This is needed due to the complexity of the area.

1.2.2. Development of Conflict Environment

Increased burden and responsibility of specific institutions in case of conflict.

1.1.1. Moratorium, transparency of natural resource permits, Incentive and capacity needs for conflict prevention.

Increased protection of forest areas, anticipated/minimized.

1.1.2. Reduced number of social conflicts and wildlife habitat management, particularly the protection of forests.

Certainty in environmental management rights and will be the basis for the management of forest resources.

1.1.3. Reduced encroachment of citizens and wildlife (personal) and wildlife, and will be consistent with the objectives of national forest programs.

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.

(+/-) Reduced number of social conflicts and wildlife habitat management, particularly the protection of forests.

Incentive aspects and capacity needs for conflict prevention.

1.3.2. Adapting approaches to conflict resolution, which include contextual and technical training for conflict resolution, as well as dispute settlements for various sectors.

Establishment of a Customary Law Community/Indigenous Communities (USD 20,000)

Lack of appreciation towards conflict resolution efforts, as well as a lack of willingness to implement conflict resolution mechanisms.

Lack of awareness towards conflict resolution mechanisms, as well as lack of willingness to implement conflict resolution mechanisms.

(+) Identification of capacity needs for conflict prevention:

(-) There is no guideline developed for conflict resolution and technical training for conflict resolution.

1.3.3. Resettlement

- Operationalization of the ad hoc monitoring team

- Field trip 1X, meeting 4x

- Training and education curriculum and guidelines for conflict prevention

- Decision Letter by the Head of the Centre for Training and Education of Tenaga Teknis Pengelolaan Hutan Produksi Lestari (USD 40,000)

- Training Center for Forest and Ecosystem Management, (USD 10,000)

- Training of conflict prevention and management among actors in forest management (USD 15,000)

1.3.4. Establishment of a Conflict Resolution Team and Mediation Center

- Regulation of the Director General of Social Forestry and Environmental Management and Social Forestry Center (RSTK) (BP 4.36)

- Establishment of a spatial data foundation and management of forest areas, which shall be consistent with the objectives of the moratorium (BP 4.10)

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1.3.5. Incentives

- Environmental Assessment (OP)

- Projects in Disputed Areas (OP)

- Forests (OP) (BP 4.36)

- Environmental Assessment (OP)

- Projects in Disputed Areas (OP) (BP 7.60)

- Forests (OP) (BP 4.36)

1.3.6. Environmental Impacts

(+/-) Increased number of social conflicts and wildlife habitat management, particularly the protection of forests.

1.3.7. Support for the Identification of Local Area

1.3.8. Environmental Impacts

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.

1.3.9. Support for the Identification of Local Area

1.3.10. Environmental Impacts

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.

1.3.11. Environmental Impacts

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.

1.3.12. Environmental Impacts

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.

1.3.13. Environmental Impacts

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.

1.3.14. Environmental Impacts

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.

1.3.15. Environmental Impacts

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.

1.3.16. Environmental Impacts

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.

1.3.17. Environmental Impacts

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.

1.3.18. Environmental Impacts

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.

1.3.19. Environmental Impacts

(-) There is no management within the moratorium; the environmental quality can be anticipated or minimized.
2.1.1. Increasing capacity of forest degradation

- Increased capacity for the forest degradation
- Improving capacity of forest resource management
- Synchronization of provincial and regency spatial management units

2.2.1. Environmental impacts

- Reduced forest management conflict and community conflict
- Increased efficiency of forest management
- Synchronization of provincial and regency spatial management units

- (+) Reduced soil erosion
- (-) Increased emissions & waste from palm oil
- (+) Increased environmental services as a result of forest management practices
- (+) Reduced forest management conflict and community conflict
- (+) Protection of forest areas in APL, biodiversity, communities
- (+) The protection of indigenous rights is taken into consideration
- (+) KPH is institutionally legitimized and funding adequately
- (+) The protection of indigenous rights is taken into consideration
- (+) KPH is institutionally legitimized and funding adequately

3. Social impact

- (+) Increased cooperation between companies and forest concession
- (+) Supply of non-timber forest products for communities
- (+) Increased environmental services as a result of forest management practices
- (+) Local communities will be exposed to good community need remains safe
- (+) Efficiency of forest management
- (+) The protection of indigenous rights is taken into consideration
- (+) Reduced forest management conflict and community conflict
- (+) KPH is institutionally legitimized and funding adequately

4. Technical guidelines for communities on processing waste into organic manure for farming purposes

5. Social impact

- (+) Reduced soil erosion
- (+) Increased environmental services as a result of forest management practices
- (+) Local communities will be exposed to good community need remains safe
- (+) Supply of non-timber forest products for communities
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6. Technical guidelines for communities on processing waste into organic manure for farming purposes

- (+) Increased environmental services as a result of forest management practices
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7. Social impact

- (+) Increased environmental services as a result of forest management practices
- (+) Local communities will be exposed to good community need remains safe
- (+) Supply of non-timber forest products for communities
- (+) Increased cooperation between companies and forest concession
- (+) The protection of indigenous rights is taken into consideration
- (+) KPH is institutionally legitimized and funding adequately
4. **Social Forestry**

- **4.2.1. Strengthen Community Involvement in Social Forestry**
  - No social risks envisaged.
  - Implementation of Business Plans can be conducted
  - (+) Financing/Funding the Development and Implementing of Social Forestry Policies
  - (+) Assistance in community management areas
  - (+) Employment opportunities for the community

- **4.2.2. Sustainable livelihoods**
  - No environmental risks envisaged.
  - There is great potential from the Social Forestry Program which can be integrated with the SIGAP approach. The approach is a framework which involves and empowers communities to participate in sustainable needs and can therefore be accommodated in sustainable livelihoods.

4. **Social Impact**

- **4.23. Social Impact of Program**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

5. **Implementation of Business Plans**

- **5.2.6. Developing and Implementing Business Plans**
  - There is need to develop the following business development strategies that maintain, conserve or restore biodiversity and ecosystem services:
    - (1) Strengthening Village Forest Management (Kaltim) for the project level and link to the national FGRM (under the MOEF, DG of PSKL)
    - (2) Development of distinctive products:
      - (a) OP/BP 4.04, Natural Habitats Development
      - (b) OP/BP 4.10 Indigenous Peoples Development
      - (c) OP/BP 4.36 Forests; Assessment; Development

- **5.2.7. Implementation of Business Plans**
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

- **5.2.8. Implementation of Business Plans**
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

6. **FGRM**

- **6.3. Program Communication**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

- **6.5.5. Program Communication**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

7. **Funds Management**

- **7.2.4. Financial Management**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

- **7.2.6. Financial Management**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

8. **Monitoring and Evaluation**

- **8.3. Program Monitoring and Evaluation**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

9. **GAP**

- **9.5. GAP**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

10. **LPHD**

- **10.2. LPHD**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

11. **Fundings**

- **11.4. Fundings**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

12. **ESMF**

- **12.5. ESMF**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

13. **Bermain**

- **13.4. Bermain**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)

14. **ESM**

- **14.3. ESM**
  - (+) Increased protection of forest areas and ecosystem services.
  - (+) Meningkatkan kapasitas produksi perikanan
  - (+) Memperkuat pelibatan dan pemberdayaan masyarakat adat dan lokal.
  - (+) Meningkatkan pendapatan masyarakat atau kontribusi masyarakat dalam Pendampingan Desa)
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